

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Magnavis WCP-2 Aerosol

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Magnavis WCP-2 Aerosol

Unique formula identifier (UFI): 6UWV-70R1-F00N-XJWA

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: Non-destructive testing
Restricted to professional users.

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any use other than the identified uses above.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: **Magnaflux® (A Division of ITW Ltd)**
Faraday Road, South Dorcan Industrial Estate
SN3 5HE Swindon, Wiltshire
United Kingdom
T +44 (0)1793 524566
<https://magnaflux.eu/en>

E-mail: support.eu@magnaflux.com

Revision: 16/06/2025

SDS Version: 7.0

Date of previous version: 03/04/2025 (6.0)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone number: +44(0)203 394 9866

Healthcare professionals: Dial 0344 892 0111 to reach The National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) (24 hour service)

General public:

England - Dial 111 to reach NHS 111 (24 hour service)

Scotland - Dial 112 to reach NHS 24 (24 hour service)

Wales - Dial 111 or 0845 4647 to reach NHS Direct (24 hour service)

See section 4 "First aid measures".

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Aerosol 1; H222, H229, Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3; H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal word:

Danger

Hazard statement(s):

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. (H222, H229)
Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (H336)

Precautionary statement(s):

General:

-

Prevention:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. (P210)
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. (P211)
Do not pierce or burn, even after use. (P251)
Avoid breathing spray. (P261)
Wear eye protection/protective gloves/protective clothing. (P280)

Response:

-

Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F. (P410+P412)

Disposal:

-

Hazardous substances:

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Additional labelling:

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH211, Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

UFI: 6UWV-70R1-F00N-XJWA

2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings:

In the event of leaks, high concentrations of gases can quickly form. They can be toxic, asphyxiating, or explosive.
This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.
This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/707.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
acetone;propan-2-one;propanone	CAS No.: 67-64-1 EC No.: 200-662-2 UK-REACH: Index No.: 606-001-00-8	40-60%	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1], [3]
butane	CAS No.: 106-97-8	10-15%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220	[3]

	EC No.: 203-448-7 UK-REACH: REACH Exempt (Article 2, 7b) Index No.: 601-004-00-0		Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	
titanium dioxide	CAS No.: 13463-67-7 EC No.: 236-675-5 UK-REACH: Index No.: 022-006-00-2	10-15%		
propane	CAS No.: 74-98-6 EC No.: 200-827-9 UK-REACH: REACH Exempt (Article 2, 7b) Index No.: 601-003-00-5	5-10%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	
isobutane	CAS No.: 75-28-5 EC No.: 200-857-2 UK-REACH: REACH Exempt (Article 2, 7b) Index No.: 601-004-00-0	5-10%	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) , H280	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	CAS No.: 107-98-2 EC No.: 203-539-1 UK-REACH: Index No.: 603-064-00-3	3-5%	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1]
Propylidynetrimethanol	CAS No.: 77-99-6 EC No.: 201-074-9 UK-REACH: Index No.:	<0.25%	Repr. 2, H361d	
methyl methacrylate	CAS No.: 80-62-6 EC No.: 201-297-1 UK-REACH: Index No.: 607-035-00-6	<0.1%	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[1] European occupational exposure limit.

[3] According to UK REACH, Annex XVII, the substance is subject to restrictions.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information:

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet.
Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or

	other drink.
<i>Inhalation:</i>	Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.
<i>Skin contact:</i>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. DO NOT use solvents or thinners. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
<i>Eye contact:</i>	If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.
<i>Ingestion:</i>	If the person is conscious, rinse the mouth with water and stay with the person. Never give the person anything to drink. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the person lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of or choking on vomited material.
<i>Burns:</i>	Rinse with water until pain stops then continue to rinse for 30 minutes.

4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂)
Some metal oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service) in order to obtain further advice.

Hazchem Code: None

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Accidental releases always pose a serious risk of fire or explosion.
Storages not yet ignited must be cooled by water mist. Remove flammable materials if conditions allow it. Ensure sufficient ventilation.
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.
Keep unauthorized persons away from the spill

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid static electricity.
Protect electrical equipment in accordance with current standards. To divert static electricity during transmission, containers must be grounded and connected by wire with the receiving containers. Do not use spark-forming tools.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.
Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.
See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Must be stored in a cool and well-ventilated area, away from possible sources of ignition. Pressurized gas packs (spray cans, aerosol cans) must be stored behind a wire mesh, which allows gases to escape and holds back packs flying around.

Recommended storage material: Keep only in original packaging.

Storage conditions: 10 - 30°C

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 500

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1210

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 1500

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 3620

butane

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 600

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 1450

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 750

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 1810

Annotations:

Carc1 = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage if it contains more than 0.1% of buta-1,3-diene.

titanium dioxide

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 10(inhalable)/4(respirable)

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 100

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 375

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 150

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 560

Annotations:

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin and lead to systemic toxicity.

methyl methacrylate

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 50

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 208

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 100

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 416

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

DNEL

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	18.1 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	50.6 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	553.5 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	369 mg/m ³

Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	3.3 mg/kg bw/day
---	------	------------------

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	200 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	1210 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	2420 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day

methyl methacrylate

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Local effects - General population	Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	8.2 mg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	13.67 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Local effects - General population	Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²
Long term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	104 mg/m ³
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	208 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalation	74.3 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	348.4 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - General population	Inhalation	208 mg/m ³
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalation	416 mg/m ³
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	8.2 mg/kg bw/day

Propylidynetrimethanol

Duration:	Route of exposure:	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	940 µg/kg bw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalation	3.3 mg/m ³

PNEC

1-methoxy-2-propanol

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		10 mg/L
Freshwater sediment		52.3 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		100 mg/L
Marine water		1 mg/L
Marine water sediment		5.2 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		100 mg/L
Soil		4.59 mg/kg

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		10.6 mg/L
Intermittent release (freshwater)		21 mg/L
Marine water		1.06 mg/L
Marine water sediment		3.04 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		29.5 mg/L
Soil		33.3 mg/L

methyl methacrylate

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure:	PNEC:
Freshwater		940 µg/L
Freshwater sediment		10.2 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		690 µg/L
Marine water		94 µg/L
Marine water sediment		1.02 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		10 mg/L
Soil		1.48 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures: Apply standard precautions during use of the product. Avoid inhalation of gas or dust.


Hygiene measures: In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Pay special attention to hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure: No specific requirements.


Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally: Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.


Respiratory Equipment:

Work situation	Type	Class	Colour	Standards	
In case of inadequate ventilation	Combination filter AXP2		Brown/White	EN14387, EN143	


Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Dedicated work clothing should be worn.	-	-	

▼ **Hand protection:**

Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Butyl	0,7	> 480	EN374-2, EN16523-1, EN388	

Eye protection:

Type	Standards	
Safety glasses with side shields.	EN166	

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<i>Physical state:</i>	Aerosol
<i>Colour:</i>	White
<i>Odour / Odour threshold:</i>	Acetone
<i>pH:</i>	Not applicable
<i>Density (g/cm³):</i>	0.98 (20 °C)
<i>Kinematic viscosity:</i>	<20 mm ² /s (20 °C)
<i>Particle characteristics:</i>	No data available

Phase changes

<i>Melting point/Freezing point (°C):</i>	No data available
<i>Softening point/range (°C):</i>	Does not apply to aerosols.
<i>Boiling point (°C):</i>	56
<i>Vapour pressure:</i>	No data available
<i>Relative vapour density:</i>	No data available
<i>Decomposition temperature (°C):</i>	No data available

Data on fire and explosion hazards

<i>Flash point (°C):</i>	-18
<i>Flammability (°C):</i>	The material is ignitable.
<i>Auto-ignition temperature (°C):</i>	>200
<i>Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v):</i>	No data available

Solubility

<i>Solubility in water:</i>	No data available
<i>n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow):</i>	No data available
<i>Solubility in fat (g/L):</i>	No data available

9.2. Other information

Note: The above properties are for the bulk product and not the aerosol.

Flash point of the aerosol propellant: -40 °C

Evaporation rate (*n*-butylacetate = 100): No data available

VOC (g/l): 621

Oxidizing properties: No data available

Other physical and chemical parameters: No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid static electricity.

Do not expose to any forms of heat (e.g. solar radiation). May lead to excess pressure.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as retained and amended in UK law

▼ Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/substance acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Test method: OECD 401

Species: Rat

Route of exposure: Oral

Test: LD50

Result: 5800 mg/kg

Product/substance acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Species: Rat

Route of exposure: Inhalation

Test: LC50

Result: 76 mg/L

Product/substance acetone;propan-2-one;propanone

Species: Rat

Route of exposure: Dermal

Test: LD50

Result: 15800 mg/kg

Product/substance titanium dioxide
Test method: OECD 425
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Oral
Test: LD50
Result: >5000 mg/kg bw

Product/substance titanium dioxide
Species: Rabbit
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50
Result: >10000 mg/kg

Product/substance titanium dioxide
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50 (4 hours)
Result: >6.82 mg/L

Product/substance 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species: Rat, male/female
Route of exposure: Oral
Test: LD50
Result: 4016 mg/kg

Product/substance 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50 (6 hours)
Result: >25.8 mg/L

Product/substance 1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species: Rabbit
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LC50
Result: >2000 mg/kg

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Oral
Result: 14700 mg/kg

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Species: Rabbit
Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50
Result: >10000 mg/kg

Product/substance methyl methacrylate
Species: Rat
Route of exposure: Inhalation
Test: LC50 (4 hours)
Result: 29.8 mg/L

Product/substance methyl methacrylate
Species: Rabbit

Route of exposure: Dermal
Test: LD50
Result: 5000 mg/kg

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

▼ Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Test method: OECD 414
Species: Rat
Test: NOEL
Result: 100 mg/kg bw/day
Conclusion: Adverse effect observed

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Test method: OECD 414
Species: Rabbit
Test: NOAEL
Result: >450 mg/kg bw/day
Conclusion: No adverse effect observed

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Test method: OECD 414
Species: Rat
Test: LOAEL
Result: 74-99 mg/kg bw/day
Conclusion: Adverse effect observed

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Test method: OECD 422
Species: Rat
Test: NOAEL
Result: 800 mg/kg bw/day
Conclusion: No adverse effect observed

Product/substance Propylidynetrimethanol
Test method: OECD 422
Species: Rat
Test: NOAEL
Result: 800 mg/kg bw/day
Conclusion: No adverse effect observed

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

▼ STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/substance	butane
Species:	Rat, male/female
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Duration:	42 days
Test:	NOAEL
Result:	16000 ppm

Product/substance	isobutane
Species:	Rat, male/female
Route of exposure:	Inhalation
Duration:	42 days
Test:	NOAEL
Result:	16000 ppm

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards**Long term effects**

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Neurotoxic effects: This product contains organic solvents, which may cause adverse effects to the nervous system. Symptoms of neurotoxicity include: loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, ringing in ears, tingling sensations of skin, sensitivity to the cold, cramps, difficulty in concentrating, tiredness, etc. Repeated exposure to solvents can result in the breaking down of the skin's natural fat layer and may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to have hormone-disrupting properties in relation to health.

Other information

titanium dioxide has been classified by IARC as a group 2B carcinogen.

methyl methacrylate has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1. ▼ Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/substance	acetone;propan-2-one;propanone
Species:	Fish, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	5540 mg/L

Product/substance	acetone;propan-2-one;propanone
Species:	Fish, <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50

Result:	>100 mg/L
Product/substance	acetone;propan-2-one;propanone
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	8800 mg/L
Product/substance	acetone;propan-2-one;propanone
Species:	Bacteria
Compartment:	Activated Sludge Plant
Result:	1000 mg/L
Product/substance	acetone;propan-2-one;propanone
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	28 days
Test:	NOEC
Result:	2.212 mg/L
Product/substance	butane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Test:	LC50
Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	titanium dioxide
Test method:	OECD 203
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	>10000 mg/L
Product/substance	titanium dioxide
Test method:	OECD 202
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	>1000 mg/L
Product/substance	titanium dioxide
Test method:	OECD 201
Species:	Algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Test:	EC50
Result:	61 mg/L
Product/substance	titanium dioxide
Test method:	OECD 209
Species:	Bacteria
Compartment:	Activated Sludge Plant
Duration:	3 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	>10000 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50

Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	49.9 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	27.1 mg/L
Product/substance	propane
Species:	Algae
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	11.9 mg/L
Product/substance	isobutane
Test method:	QSAR
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	147.54 mg/L
Product/substance	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species:	Fish, Leuciscus idus
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	6812 mg/L
Product/substance	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species:	Fish, Pimephales promelas
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	20800 mg/L
Product/substance	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species:	Daphnia, Daphnia magna
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	21100-25900 mg/L
Product/substance	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Species:	Algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Duration:	7 days
Test:	ErC50
Result:	>1000 mg/L
Product/substance	1-methoxy-2-propanol
Test method:	OECD 209
Species:	Bacteria
Compartment:	Activated Sludge Plant
Duration:	3 hours
Test:	IC50
Result:	1000 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Fish
Duration:	96 hours
Test:	LC50
Result:	>79 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Crustacean
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	69 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Algae
Duration:	72 hours
Test:	EC50
Result:	>110 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Crustacean
Duration:	48 hours
Test:	NOEC
Result:	48 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Fish
Duration:	35 days
Test:	LC50
Result:	33.7 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Crustacean
Duration:	21 days
Test:	EC50
Result:	49 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Fish
Duration:	35 days
Test:	NOEC
Result:	9.4 mg/L

Product/substance	methyl methacrylate
Species:	Fish
Duration:	21 days
Test:	LOEC
Result:	18.8 mg/L

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to have endocrine-disrupting properties in relation to the environment.

12.7. Other adverse effects

None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product is covered by the regulations on hazardous waste.

HP 3 - Flammable

HP 4 - Irritant (skin irritation and eye damage)

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

EWC code



Not applicable.


Specific labelling

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
ADR	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F 	-	No	Limited quantities: 1 L Tunnel restriction code: (D) See below for additional information.
IMDG	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F 	-	No	Limited quantities: 1 L EmS: F-D S-U See

	14.1 UN / ID	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env**	Other informat ion:
						below for additiona l informati on.
IATA	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable	Transport hazard class: 2 Label: 2.1 Classification code: 5F 	-	No	See below for additiona l informati on.

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.
 ADR / See Table A, section 3.2.1 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport. See section 5.4.3, for instructions in writing regarding mitigation of damages in relation to incidents or accidents during transport.
 IMDG / See section 3.2.1, for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.
 IATA / See Table 4.2 for any information on special provisions, requirements, or warnings in connection with transport.
 Hazchem Code: None

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application: Restricted to professional users.
 People under the age of 18 shall not be exposed to this product.
 Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

Demands for specific education: No specific requirements.

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) - Categories / dangerous substances: P3a - FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS, Qualifying quantity (lower-tier): 150 tonnes (net) / (upper-tier): 500 tonnes (net)

Regulation on drug acetone;propan-2-one;propanone is included (Category 3)

*precursors:**Regulation on explosives*

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone (Annex II)

*precursors:**UK-REACH, Annex XVII:*

acetone;propan-2-one;propanone is subject to restrictions, UK-REACH annex XVII (entry 40).
acetone;propan-2-one;propanone is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
butane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
propane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
isobutane is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
1-methoxy-2-propanol is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).
methyl methacrylate is subject to UK-REACH restrictions (entry 40).

Additional information:

Not applicable.

Sources:

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.
The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 No. 2824, amended in 2014 (No. 1130) and in 2018 (No. 29).
Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) Regulations 2015.
Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.
The Controlled Drugs (Drug Precursors) Regulations 2008.
Council Regulation (EC) No 2019/1148 on explosives precursors as retained and amended in UK law.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3**

EUH066, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
H220, Extremely flammable gas.
H225, Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280, Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H315, Causes skin irritation.
H317, May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319, Causes serious eye irritation.
H335, May cause respiratory irritation.
H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d, Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
CE = Conformité Européenne (European conformity)
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR = Chemical Safety Report
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
ES = Exposure Scenario
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
EuPCS = European Product Categorisation System
EWC = European Waste Catalogue
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP = Global warming potential
IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SCL = A specific concentration limit
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

The classification of the substance/mixture in regard of health hazards are in accordance with the calculation methods given by Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

The classification of the mixture in regard to physical hazards has been based on experimental data.

The safety data sheet is validated by

Magnaflux

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product.

Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: GB-en